

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:
 - a light transmissive display,
 - one or more light emitters,
 - a light guiding plate being substantially parallel with the light transmissive display and at least partly overlapping the light transmissive display, the plate being adapted to receive light from the one or more light emitters, guide the received light therein substantially in parallel to a plane of a displaying surface of the light transmissive display, and to direct the light through the light transmissive display,
~~the apparatus display further comprising one or more tapered light guides each extending between the plate and one or more of the light emitters, each light guide being adapted to direct light from at least one light emitter into the plate, wherein the two or more tapered light guides are arranged in series and form taper shaped void areas between each pair of tapered light guides, wherein the taper shaped void areas are arranged to receive electrical elements.~~
2. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the one or more tapered light guides are adapted to introduce light into a predetermined side of the plate, the one or more light guides, at the side of the plate, together extend at least 80% of a length of the predetermined side of the plate.
3. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the one or more light guides are a single, monolithic element.
4. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 1, where adjacent parts of two adjacent tapered light guides are defined by a rounded shape.
5. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising electrical elements positioned between the one or more tapered light guides and the one

or more light emitters.

6. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein each light emitter has a largest physical dimension being significantly lower than a largest physical dimension of the plate.

7. (Previously Presented) The apparatus according to claim 1, comprising at most 10 light emitters.

8. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the one or more light emitters comprise two or more light emitters, and wherein the light transmissive display and the plate each has a side facing the other, and wherein the side of the plate has an area not larger than 110% of the area of the side of the light transmissive display, wherein a predetermined plate side facing the tapered light guides has a predetermined length, and wherein a distance exists between the light emitters exceeding 25% of the predetermined length.

9. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a mobile telephone, comprising the apparatus of claim 1.

10. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:

providing a light transmissive display,

providing a light transmissive plate so as to overlap the light transmissive display in a predetermined area of the plate and to be substantially parallel with the light transmissive display,

providing one or more light emitters adapted to emit light into the light transmissive plate, the light received substantially in parallel to a plane of a displaying surface of the light transmissive display,

wherein providing the plate comprises removing tapered parts of the plate so as to provide a tapered part of the plate between each group of one or more light emitters and the predetermined area of the plate.

11. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

providing a light transmissive display,

providing a light transmissive plate so as to overlap the light transmissive display in a predetermined area of the plate and be substantially parallel with the light transmissive display,

providing one or more light emitters adapted to emit light into the light transmissive plate, the light received substantially in parallel to a plane of a displaying surface of the light transmissive display, and

providing two~~one~~ or more tapered light guides between each group of one or more light emitters and the predetermined area of the plate, wherein the two or more tapered light guides are arranged in series and form taper shaped void areas between each pair of tapered light guides, wherein the taper shaped void areas are arranged to receive electrical elements.

12. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 10, further comprising positioning an electrical element between one or more tapered parts of the plate and the one or more light emitters.

13. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein the one or more tapered light guides are adapted to introduce light into a predetermined side of the plate, end the one or more light guides, at the predetermined side of the plate, together extend at least 80% of a length of the predetermined side of the plate.

14. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein the one or more light guides are a single, monolithic element.

15. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, where adjacent parts of two adjacent tapered light guides are defined by a rounded shape.

16. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, further comprising positioning electrical elements between the one or more tapered light guides and the one or more light emitters.

17. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein each light emitter has a largest physical dimension being significantly lower than a largest physical dimension of the plate.

18. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 11, wherein providing one or more light emitters comprises providing at the most 10 light emitters.

19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 11, wherein the one or more light emitters comprise two or more light emitters, and the method further comprises positioning the light transmissive display and the plate so that each has a side facing the other, and wherein the side of the plate has an area not larger than 110% of the area of the side of the light transmissive display, wherein a predetermined plate side facing the tapered light guides has a predetermined length, and wherein a distance exists between the light emitters exceeding 25% of the predetermined length.